

Lax se'1

I g.am lax yəl tk

Albert Williams
1924

- ① q.it mit g.an "halfburned wood", a tributary of the Cranberry [Kinnikinnick Creek], and a stretch of the Cranberry from the 50 mile post almost to the Kiteen (adjoining wudaxhayets)
Big fishing station at the mouth of this creek.

- ② 'wunsg.atku'l "where narrows", a fishing station on the Nass, where the trail from the Cranberry meets the Nass. He owns the territory between the two rivers, and along the Nass up to anxtsamelixnag.c'ts Creek
whereat beaver wolverine

[Another note from elsewhere: Up Nass was a huge bare mountain [q.d.t] where there was a lake 'winlu'a.x'e..tus "wherein barks steep dog" where they heard strange barking noises from lake; where g.am lax yəl tk gets his master].

- ③ A creek from Lake Kitwancool ksandzi'.ku ^{shillmoney} includes creek and mountains, but not large territory.
Ancient possession; they have a tradition about it.

haidzamxs

Albert Williams
1924

- ① ksədənig.ə:t On the Cranberry, running upward from the 50 mile post on the north side.
- ② t'am madzıg.ə:g.ə:t [Swan Lake] and all the territory surrounding it.
Beaver
Salmon, all kinds (from Kispivox)
- James Hargrave
③ ksahadaxqut "waters dusty". Moon[bt] Creek and the valley below Kitwancool lake on the north.
- ^{same? ①?} ④ qaks paxsk'i:t [at 50 mile post]. Includes just up laid mountains and 3 lakes (beaver, martin, bear, caribou).

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wilts, txawsq

Albert Williams

They have no territories close by. Their territories are around Mezaden Lake.

II mali

Albert Williams
1924

- ① txax̓s/lax̓wiyip along on top | on | large | territory

A large territory reached from g̓akspax̓skit ^{dearly upward his} (trail goes upwards)

at the 50 mile post on Cranberry (where they have a cabin), up over the trail to the Kispiox River. Here, on the north side they have a fishing station at gitangwa'lk "people of dry (thirsty)". Also, they have a river in this territory called mag.ang.i's "place of strong freshwater mussels. [Nanguse L.] , and a mountain tsph̓e'.t̓xut "by itself standing". The cabin is at gitangwa'lk. There is a lake in the same territory: t̓am.ág.ang.i's, where they get beaver, and fish sockeye, millet, coho.

- ② Lakes n̓dəl̓s̓dat "to each one, swim" } Brown Bear
anlag.amst̓s̓ks "where = to one side" Lakes

yaxyaq

Albert Williams
1924

- ① tamgindpdze'ux a lake with a general hunting ground. He also has a salmon station on the other side of the Nass. ~~kak-~~
kunkse'l (?)
He also uses wudaxayetz ②

Iuxsn

- ① kinsg.o.iꝝ "place of fording?" kinskuch L.
To its source, and all creeks. No salmon run in river.

all the gitwintku'l laxse'l have separate territories here for beaver, berries

II wudaxayę'ts

Albert Williams
1924

① git'in
wur

The entire length of the Kitmen R.,
nearly to source
and the mountain tops nearby.

There is a fishing station at the mouth
with a weir across the Cranberry, called
g̓ep g̓as̓u "barriade"?

The upper part of the valley is called
gwunstəmən, referring to humpback. There
they fish also trout, coho, mslit (no sockeye
or sprats), and hunt beaver etc.

Neighbours: yaxヤg toward the hills
luxən & g̓am laxayęlt up Cranberry

② Two mountains west of Kitwanga:

laxwəl̓s̓

ukshultxut outward from shore, crowded (rocks)
boats, berries. An ancient territory

III Kwinu (and tig.e'wan)

James
Haedgeman
1924

- ① lax g.a.dit a mountain range on the far side of the Nass [Kinsukuch?]

Location?
② iunbax ta t_k,bu "where upsets the wolf"
a mountain

- ③ 'an maxs₁s₂p "where grow rocks." Mountain
"it extends from the Kitwancool village
to this point"

- ④ tsam' an ma'q_t "on where trail leads up"
a mountain territory. From this territory
there is a creek falling into the headwaters
of the giftin, called ksa'an axt₂ni't
Only the north side belongs to Kwinu. The
south side belongs to tehgwax.

- ⑤ kswi.luna'gut "waters long over"
The over falling onto the Kitwancool near
the village.